

**IC 33-24**

**ARTICLE 24. SUPREME COURT**

**IC 33-24-1**

Chapter 1. Justices and Jurisdiction

**IC 33-24-1-1**

**Justices; quorum**

Sec. 1. (a) The supreme court consists of five (5) justices.

(b) Three (3) members of the supreme court constitute a quorum.

*As added by P.L.98-2004, SEC.3.*

**IC 33-24-1-2**

**Jurisdiction**

Sec. 2. (a) The supreme court has jurisdiction in appeals coextensive with the state and has jurisdiction as provided by the Constitution of the State of Indiana.

(b) The supreme court has exclusive jurisdiction to:

(1) admit attorneys to practice law in all courts of the state; and

(2) issue restraining orders and injunctions in all cases involving the unauthorized practice of the law;

under rules and regulations as the supreme court may prescribe.

*As added by P.L.98-2004, SEC.3.*

**IC 33-24-1-3**

**Appeals; amount in controversy**

Sec. 3. Except as provided in IC 34-56-1, an appeal may not be taken to the supreme court in any civil case where the amount in controversy, exclusive of interest and costs, does not exceed fifty dollars (\$50).

*As added by P.L.98-2004, SEC.3.*

**IC 33-24-1-4**

**Justice presiding at trial of case**

Sec. 4. The justices of the supreme court, in their respective districts, may preside at the trial of any case pending in any county in a district in which the circuit judge is incompetent to preside.

*As added by P.L.98-2004, SEC.3.*